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Dietary supplement increases plasma norepinephrine, lipolysis, and metabolic rate in resistance trained men

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Abstract

Correction to Richard J Bloomer, Kelsey H Fisher-Wellman, Kelley G Hammond, Brian K Schilling, Adrianna A Weber and Bradford J Cole: Dietary supplement increases plasma norepinephrine, lipolysis, and metabolic rate in resistance trained men. *Journal of the International Society of Sports Nutrition* 2009, 6: 4

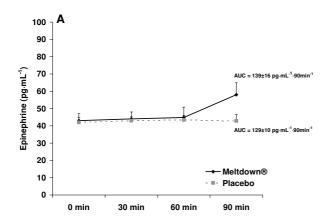
Correction

Following publication of our recent article [1], we noticed an error in Figure 2 A. The units of measure on the y-axis should range from 0 to 100 pg ml⁻¹ rather than 100–240 pg ml⁻¹ as stated in the original article.

The corrected Figure 2 is presented here (Figure 1). The results and conclusions of this article remain unchanged.

References

 Bloomer R J, Fisher-Wellman K H, Hammond K G, Schilling B K, Weber A A, Cole B J: Dietary supplement increases plasma norepinephrine, lipolysis, and metabolic rate in resistance trained men. Journal of the International Society of Sports Nutrition 2009, 6:4.



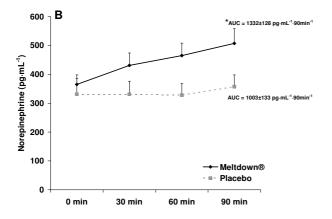


Figure I Plasma epinephrine (A) and norepinephrine (B) data for I 0 men consuming Meltdown® and placebo in a randomized cross-over design. Data are mean \pm SEM. * Greater norepinephrine AUC for Meltdown® compared to placebo (p = 0.03).

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